

Rural¹ Residence of Persons 60+, by Planning and Service Area² (PSA): 1990

Michigan, Civilian Noninstitutionalized Persons

(Data based on a sample)

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PSA	TOTAL ELDERLY	RURAL ELDERLY	PERCENT RURAL ELDERLY
TOTAL	1,508,964	431,341	28.6
1A	167,076	0	0
1B	374,320	52,477	14.0
1C	192,059	3,097	1.6
2	47,823	25,327	53.0
3	82,232	34,390	41.8
4	51,042	30,673	60.1
5	80,646	24,263	30.1
6	53,281	16,069	30.2
7	115,376	59,655	51.7
8	127,905	51,711	40.4
9	49,599	41,154	83.0
10	44,866	35,002	78.0
11	66,217	39,486	59.6
14	56,522	18,037	31.9

¹ Rural is defined as those areas not classified as urban. Urban consists of territories, persons, and housing units in: (i) places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs, and towns, but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities"; (ii) census designated places of 2,500 or more persons; or (iii) other territories, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

² The Older Americans Act of 1965 as amended instructs the State Agency on Aging in each State to subdivide the State into planning and service areas (PSAs) and to designate a public or private nonprofit agency as the area agency on aging for the PSA. Most PSAs in multi-PSA States comprise single counties or groups of counties and range in size from 1 to 28 counties.

Source of data: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Special Tabulation on Aging, STP 14, Table P4. See technical documentation for more detailed definitions.

Table compiled by the National Aging Information Center